

Case Report: Multilobulated Hypothenar Mass

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Patient history

4-year-old* female undergoing MR examination of a left-hand mass.

*The safety of imaging fetuses/infants has not been established.

Sequence details

Images have been acquired using our 1.5T MAGNETOM Avanto and the extremity coil.

MR Angiography (MRA) using 5 ml Magnevist administered IV.

TE 1.41 ms, TR 3.12 ms, FOV 300 x 300, matrix 384 x 384, PAT factor 2.0, partition time 3.92 sec, acquisition plane coronal.

Imaging Findings

There is a multilobulated 2.8 x 3.0 x 1.9 cm STIR hyperintense / T1 isointense mass within the medial palmar aspect of the hand. It exhibits mass effect with displacement of the 4th and 5th digit flexor tendons and the ulnar artery laterally. Dynamic MRA demonstrates no large arteries or early draining veins. No abnormal tangle of vessels.

Impression: Multilobulated hypothenar mass, consistent with a slow/low flow vascular malformation such as a mixed venous/lymphatic malformation.



Figure 1: 5 of 54 images showing the major anatomic features visible in the *syngo* TWIST time-series.

Results and Discussion

The *syngo* TWIST acquisition provides outstanding flexibility in protocol design for characterization of soft tissue pathology.